

Complex magnetic phases in $\text{Ca}_{1-x}\text{Na}_x\text{V}_2\text{O}_4$ with $0 \leq x \leq 1$

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The crystal structure of $\text{Ca}_{1-x}\text{Na}_x\text{V}_2\text{O}_4$ is the same to that of CaFe_2O_4 ; that is, V_2O_4 double-chains, which are formed by a network of edge-sharing VO_6 octahedra, align along the b -axis so as to make an irregular hexagonal one-dimensional (1D) channel. Furthermore, since V ions form a zig-zag chain in the V_2O_4 double-chain, $\text{Ca}_{1-x}\text{Na}_x\text{V}_2\text{O}_4$ is expected to exhibit interesting magnetic behavior due to both geometrical frustration and low dimensionality.

Although the ground state of CaV_2O_4 was thought to be a gapless chiral ordered state, which is predicted for the $S=1$ zig-zag spin system with the competing nearest- and next-nearest-neighbor AF coupling, recent NMR results suggest the existence of a long-range antiferromagnetic (AF) transition with $T_N=69$ K [1]. This is also consistent with past neutron measurements, in which two different AF substructures coexist in the $a \times 2b \times 2c$ AF supercell, and each superstructure is collinear roughly parallel to the b -axis [2].

The other end member, NaV_2O_4 , recently prepared by a high-pressure technique [3], exhibits metallic conductivity down to 2 K, while χ measurements indicates an AF transition with $T_N=140$ K. Magnetic anisotropy measurements using single crystal samples suggest that the interchain interaction is AF, but the intrachain interaction is ferromagnetic (FM). The AF structure of NaV_2O_4 has, to authors' knowledge, never been investigated thus far by NMR, neutron, or μ^+ SR measurements.

We have therefore made a systematic μ^+ SR experiment on the $\text{Ca}_{1-x}\text{Na}_x\text{V}_2\text{O}_4$ system with $x=0 - 1$ using polycrystalline samples. We found the existence of static magnetic order below 70 K with mainly two different μ^+ -spin precession frequency (ω_μ) signals for CaV_2O_4 , whereas the four ω_μ 's below 120 K for NaV_2O_4 . Interestingly, the four ω_μ 's merge into one at T between 120 and 140 K. Combining with the results of the other samples with $0 < x < 1$, we have clarified the complex magnetic phase diagram of $\text{Ca}_{1-x}\text{Na}_x\text{V}_2\text{O}_4$.

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[2] J. M. Hastings *et al.*, J. Phys. Chem. Solids **28**, 1089 (1967).

[3] K. Yamaura *et al.*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **99**, 196601 (2007).