

Magnetic Properties of Mixed System $(\text{Co}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_x)_2(\text{OH})_3\text{Cl}$ with Ferromagnetic Co^{2+} and Antiferromagnetic Fe^{2+} Spins on a Deformed Pyrochlore Lattice

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This work reports a systematic experimental study on the mixed system $(\text{Co}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_x)_2(\text{OH})_3\text{Cl}$ with ferromagnetic Co^{2+} and antiferromagnetic Fe^{2+} spins on a deformed pyrochlore lattice. Recently we found a new 3d-electron tetrahedral frustration system $M_2(\text{OH})_3X$ ($M = \text{Cu}, \text{Ni}, \text{Co}, \text{Fe}, \text{Mn}$; $X = \text{Cl}, \text{Br}$), which are characterized by deformed pyrochlore lattices [1-3]. Among them, the cobalt version $\text{Co}_2(\text{OH})_3\text{Cl}$ showed a zero-field kagome-ice state below $T_C = 10.5$ K [2], and the iron version $\text{Fe}_2(\text{OH})_3\text{Cl}$ showed antiferromagnetic transition below $T_N = 9.0$ K [3]. We have found that a mixed system of $(\text{Co}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_x)_2(\text{OH})_3\text{Cl}$ can be synthesized with a single crystal phase rhombohedral in space group $R\bar{3}m$. Therefore, this system provides an interesting controllable material set to study the spin glass physics in this new geometrically frustrated system. For x around 0.5, the susceptibility measurements suggested a spin-glass behavior [Fig.1]. Consistently the μSR result is similar to a typical spin-glass of CuMn [Fig. 2]. For the other compositions (e.g., $x = 0.3$ and $x = 0.7$) evidences of coexisting state of spin-glass and magnetic clusters were observed.

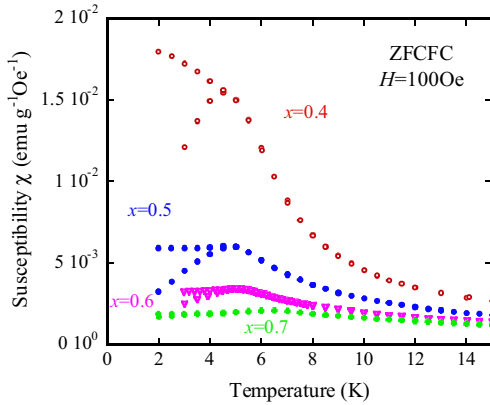


Fig.1 DC susceptibility for $(\text{Co}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_x)_2(\text{OH})_3\text{Cl}$.

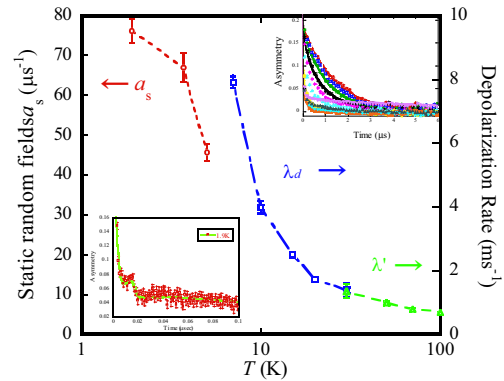


Fig2: Zero-field μSR result for the $x = 0.5$ sample.

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