

μ SR study on $\text{CuCr}_{1-x}\text{Mg}_x\text{O}_2$

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According to past neutron diffraction measurements [1], delafossite-type oxide CuCrO_2 undergoes an antiferromagnetic (AF) transition with $T_N = 26$ K, and exhibits long-range static AF order with a 120° spin structure within the plane including the c -axis. In order to clarify the magnetism of CuCrO_2 , we have performed μ^+ SR experiments on $\text{CuCr}_{1-x}\text{Mg}_x\text{O}_2$ ($x=0-0.03$) using the π E (Dolly spectrometer) beam line at PSI.

Figure 1 shows the T dependences of (a) the weak transverse field (wTF) A_{TF} for the $x=0$ and the $x=0.03$ samples, and (b) μ^+ -spin precession frequency obtained from the zero field (ZF) μ^+ SR spectrum for CuCrO_2 . The $A_{\text{TF}}(T)$ curves for both samples exhibit a abrupt decrease at $T_N = 26$ K with decreasing T , i.e. the Mg^{2+} substitution for Cr does not alter the magnitude of T_N . The ZF μ^+ SR measurements however indicate that spontaneous muon-spin precession (~ 50 MHz at $T \rightarrow 0$ K) is clearly observed for the $x=0$ sample below T_N , whereas the absence of static order for the $x=0.03$ sample even at the lowest T (1.8 K) measured.

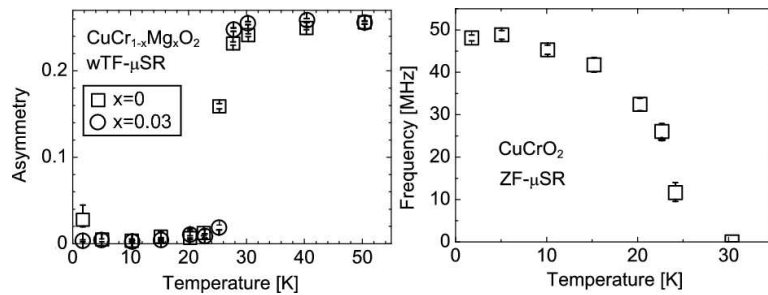


Fig. 1: T dependences of (a) A_{TF} for $x = 0$ and $x = 0.03$, (b) μ^+ spin precession frequencies of ZF μ^+ SR spectra for $x = 0$.

[1] H. Kadowaki et al., J. Phys. Condens Matter, 2 (1990) 4480.